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EEL 5666

FUPA

The Garbage Can Kicking-Over Robot

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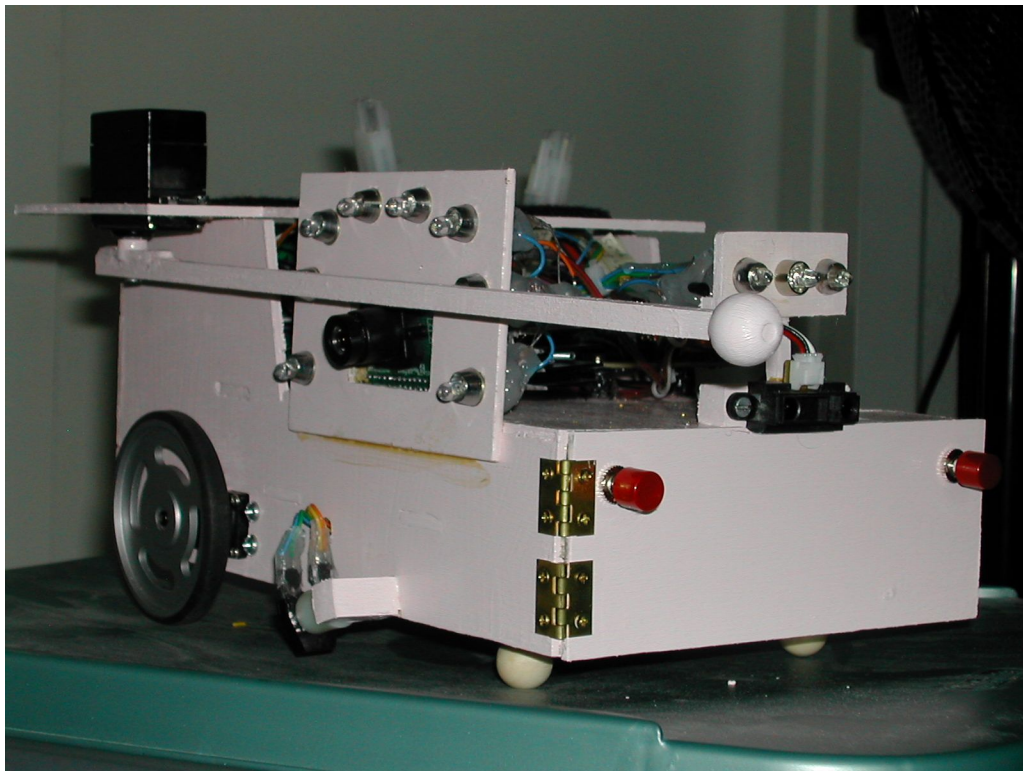


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Abstract

FUPA is an autonomous robot. FUPA simulates a fifth grader biking home from school on Fridays which is both trash and recycling day. FUPA will follow the sidewalk and be on the lookout for empty cans along the way. When a can is found, the color will be analyzed. If there is a red recycling bin, FUPA will knock over the can with an arm that swings out from the side. FUPA will then move on to the next house, and this cycle will continue for ever. When a can is found, the correct colored LED will also illuminate on an LED bar. FUPA will also have an obstacle destruction feature from an IR sensor, and obstacle detection from two bump switches.

Executive Summary

FUPA is a 2-WD autonomous robot. It is based on an STK500 board with an ATmega32 for its processor. FUPA follows a high contrast line using two Hamamatsu P5587 IR detectors. When a third Hamamatsu P5587 IR detector detects a line to the right of the track, a CMU cam takes a picture. If there is a red can there, FUPA will swing its arm out, and knock it over. Also, a red LED will illuminate. However, if the can was blue or green, the arm will not swing out, but the corresponding colored LED will light up.

If along the way, FUPA should detect an obstacle ahead (seen by a Sharp GP2D12 IR sensor), then FUPA enters 'destroy mode'. In destroy mode, FUPA speeds off of the track, and knocks the obstacle out of the way before returning to the track at the point FUPA left off at.

If for some reason the obstacle detection does not work, FUPA is also equipped with two bump switches which when activated will cause FUPA to cease all operations. And of course, all of the different operations include LCD feedback so you can see what FUPA is currently doing.

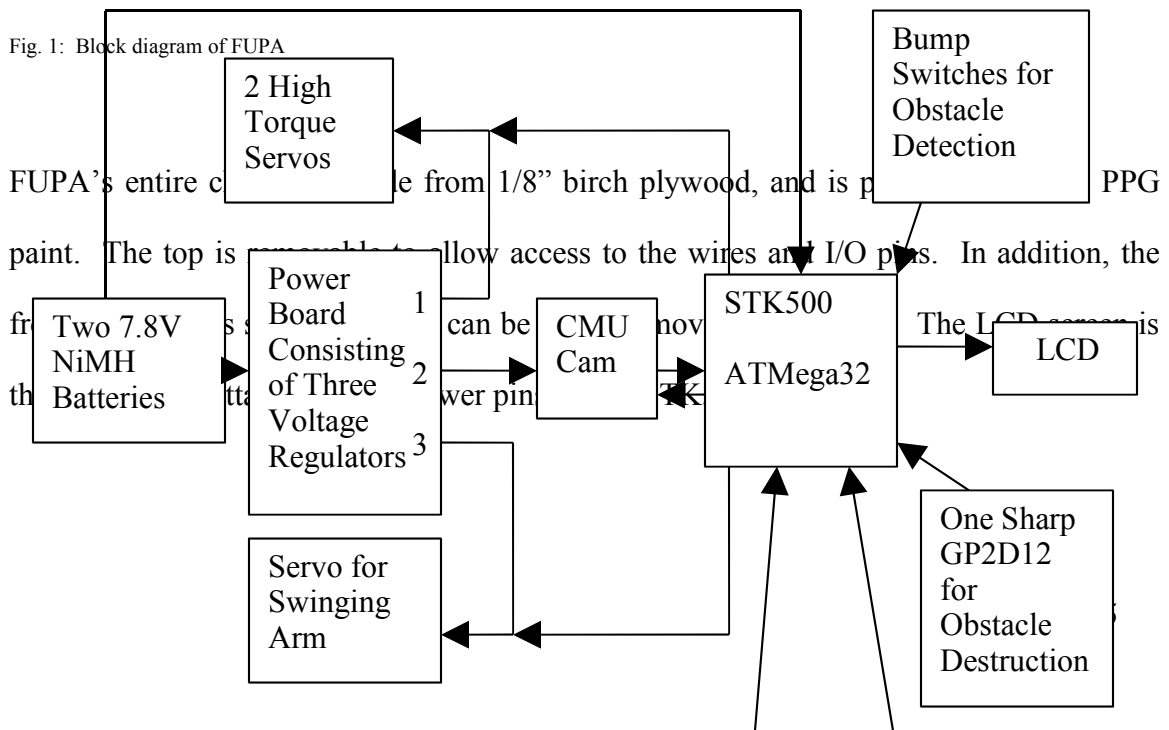
Introduction

Fridays used to be the best day of the week in fifth grade. This was both garbage day and recycling day. When school would let out, a fun game was to knock over all the recycling bins as one biked home from school. This is exactly what FUPA will do. This paper describes a robot that will follow a high contrast “sidewalk” made of electrical tape. When the robot arrives at a house with garbage cans, using a CMU-CAM for color detection, it will knock over all red cans with a side-swinging arm. If any obstacle is detected in FUPA’s path, FUPA will swing around and knock it out of the way.

This report will detail all of FUPA’s electrical and mechanical features and characteristics. First, the platform will be presented, followed by a detailed description about each of FUPA’s subsystems.

Integrated System

FUPA will have an STK500 as a platform, powered by an Atmega32 chip. Figure 1 (below) is a block diagram of FUPA’s components. Figure 2 (below) is a flow chart of FUPA’s software operations.



One P5587
for Tab
Detection

Two P5587
for Line
Tracking

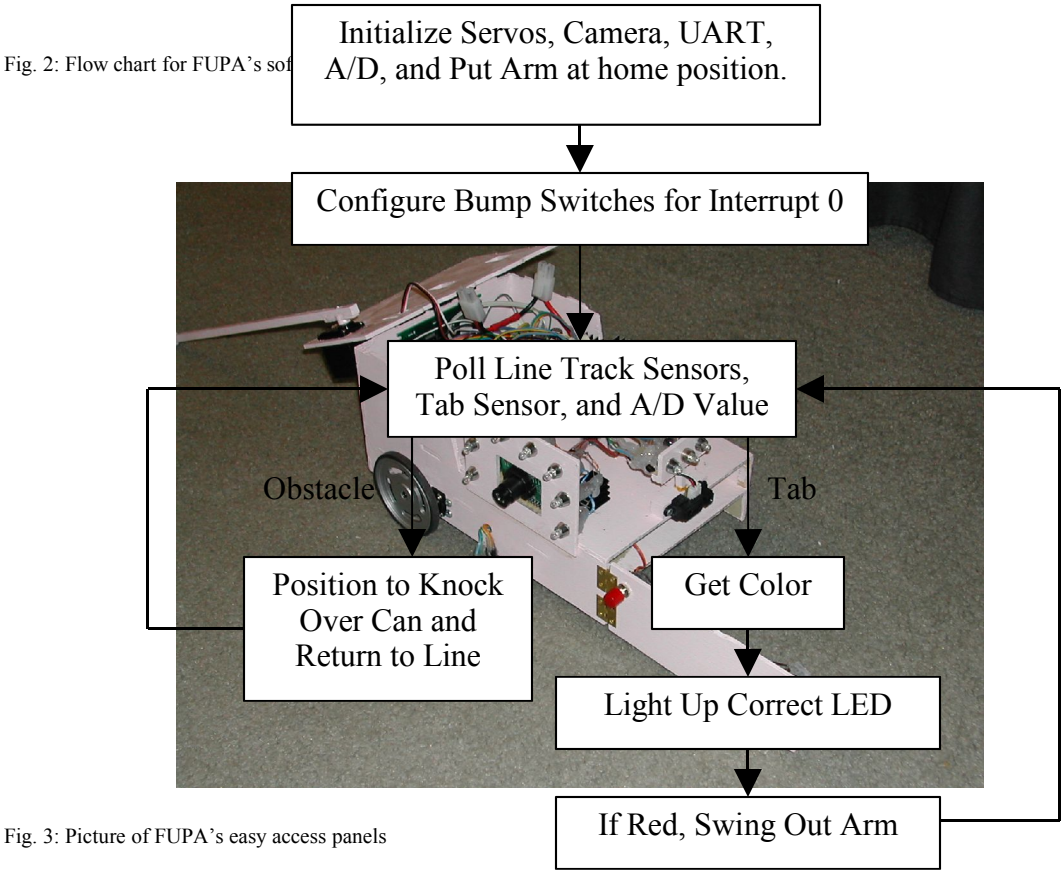


Fig. 2: Flow chart for FUPA's software

Fig. 3: Picture of FUPA's easy access panels

Power

FUPA is powered by two rechargeable 7.2V, 3300mAh, NiMH batteries. The board is powered directly from these batteries. The camera gets its power from a 7V regulator, the servos controlling the wheels get their power from a 5V regulator, and the arm servo and sensors get their power from a second 5V regulator. See Fig. 4. All regulators were fitted with heat fins to help dissipate heat.

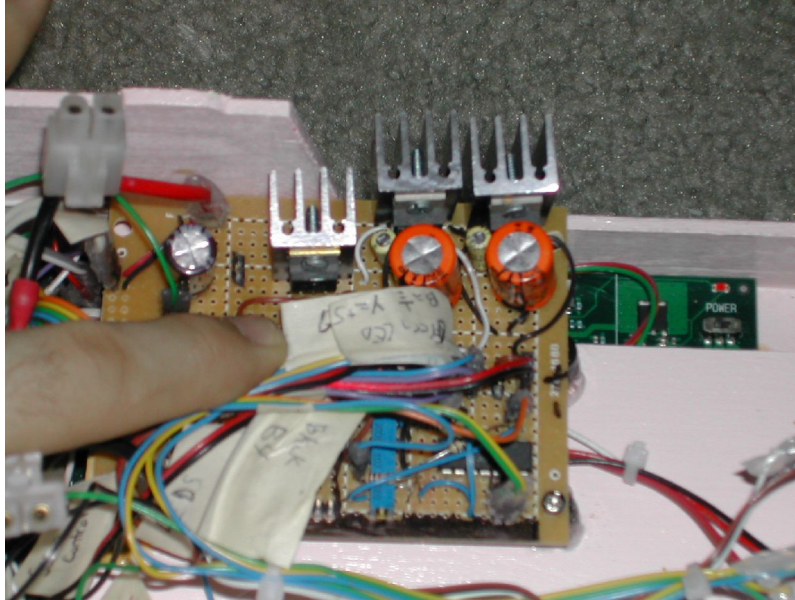
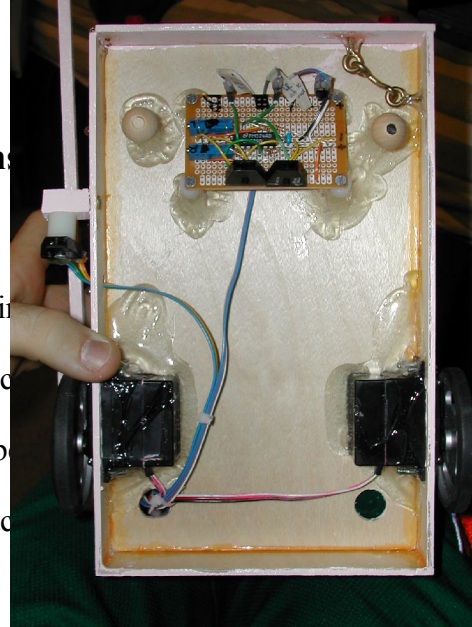


Fig. 4: Picture of FUPA's voltage regulators and heat fins

Actuation

FUPA will have two wheels which will each be powered by a hacked high-torque Futaba servo (S03 TXF 2BB). Two ¼" wood spheres are attached to a dowel rod to act as the front two stabilizers (See Fig. 5). The swinging arm will also be powered with a servo. It will use an un-hacked Futaba S03N 2BB.

Fig. 5: Picture of FUPA's servos and pseudo-wheels



Sens

Since FUPA needs to follow a sidewalk, it will use a line tracking sensor. FUPA will follow this line using a line tracking sensor. FUPA will note where FUPA should analyze a can's color using a Hamamatsu P5587 IR detectors. Bump switches will be used for obstacle detection. A Sharp GP2D12 IR sensor will be used for obstacle detection. The sensor will differentiate the color of different cans.

represent a
Tabs,
namatsu
a Sharp
that will

Hamamatsu P5587 IR Detectors

Two of these sensors are used for line tracking, and one is used for tab detection. Using Will Dubel's circuit (Fig. 6), these sensors emit a 'high' value if it reads black or nothing at all. They emit a 'low' value when they are on a white surface. Through

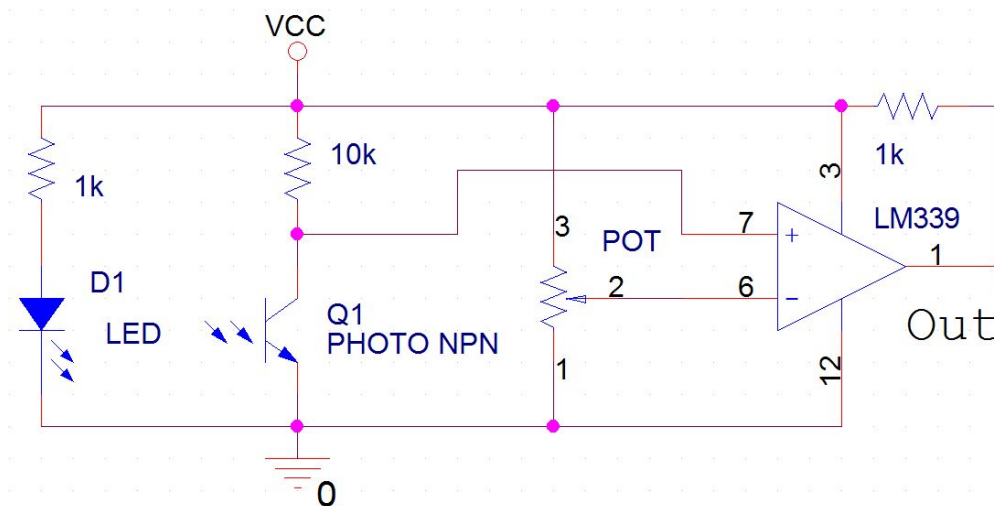


Fig. 6: Line tracking schematic

experimentation, it was determined that they work best for me 1/8" off of the ground and pointed downwards at a 40° from the horizon. FUPA's actual line tracking circuit board and tab sensor can be seen in Fig. 5.

Bump Switches

The bump switches are just two standard SPST switches. One of each switch's pins is attached to ground, and the other pin is attached to an interrupt pin. When either of these pins go 'low', the robot shuts down immediately. The bump switches can be seen in Fig. 3.

Sharp GP2D12 IR Sensor

The Sharp GP2D12 IR sensor is used for obstacle detection, and can detect ranges from 10cm to 80cm. It is constantly returning a value to the STK500. If nothing is in FUPA's path, then the sensor will return a zero. However, when an object enters FUPA's path, the sensor returns a value which increases as the object's distance from FUPA decreases. When the sensor returns a value of \$B0 or higher, FUPA will enter 'destroy mode'. This sensor can be seen above the front door in Fig. 3.

CMUcam

The CMUcam uses the UART to communicate with my ATmega32 chip at a speed of 38,400 baud. This is the fastest rate that can be used while still maintaining a 0.2% error rate. The settings of the camera changed from default mode are enabling *Polling Mode* and *Raw Data Mode*. *Polling Mode* makes the processor run faster. It makes the camera only send 1 packet of information when requested vs. a constant 17 f.p.s. *Raw Data*

Mode makes the camera transfer data bytes instead of ASCII characters. This saves the user from having to convert ASCII to useable data.

To use the CMUcam successfully, the camera requires a lot of white light. Pictures taken in my bedroom come out red. To fix this problem, ten, 16,000 m.c.d., 5 mm, white LEDs were ordered. After adding the lights, pictures were of very good quality. A sample picture can be seen in Fig. 7.



Fig. 7: A sample picture taken by the CMUcam with the white LEDs as background light

A second problem with the camera is that the picture is not centered. It is off by around 10 degrees. I had to tilt the camera when installed to account for this error. The tilted camera and the white LEDs can be seen in Fig. 3.

The voltage regulator on the camera gets very hot. To combat this problem, I installed a heat fin purchased from Radio shack.

Behaviors

Line Tracking

FUPA follows a high contrast line using two IR sensors

Destroy Mode

FUPA enters *destroy mode* when an obstacle is detected in its path. When FUPA enters this mode, the following steps are taken:

- 1) Turn off tab sensor
- 2) Move ahead for 1.5 seconds
- 3) Turn 45 degrees left and go straight for 0.5 seconds
- 4) Swing out arm
- 5) Reverse for 1.5 seconds
- 6) Turn right until the line is reacquired
- 7) Turn on tab sensor and continue to line track

In *destroy mode*, the obstacle is knocked out of the way, so FUPA can continue on its original path.

Camera Mode

Camera mode is entered when a tab is detected with the IR sensor. In this mode, FUPA is line tracking while snapping a picture to determine which future action to take.

Components

Quantity	Part	Price	Source
2	Wheels	6.00	Mark III
2	High Torque Futaba Servos	21.00	Mark III
1	Futaba Servo	10.50	Mark III
1	Sharp GP2D120 IR Sensor	8.50	Mark III
1	Sharp GP2D120 IR Sensor Cable	1.10	Mark III
2	Bump Switches	2.39	Radio Shack
8	White LEDs and Holders	15.00	E-Bay
3	DB9 Connectors	4.80	Radio Shack

2	Breadboards	4.00	Radio Shack
4	Heat Sinks	6.00	Radio Shack
2	Female Battery Terminals	8.00	Radio Shack
1	Variable Voltage Regulator	2.50	Radio Shack
1	Paint and Clear Coat	11.00	Lowe's
2	Hinges	2.00	Lowe's
1	Latch	3.50	Lowe's
1	Velcro	2.50	Lowe's
1	STK500	80.00	Digikey
1	ATMega32	9.00	Digikey
1	CMUcam	70.00	Used
3	Hamamatsu P5587 IRs	12.00	Digikey
1	Potentiometer	3.00	Radio Shack
1	Power Jack	5.00	Radio Shack
3	Red, Green, Blue LEDs	6.50	Radio Shack
3	Various Sized Screws	4.50	Lowe's
2	Goop	8.00	Lowe's
1	Solder	4.00	Radio Shack
2	LED Holders	2.00	Radio Shack
1	LCD Screen	8.00	Used
1	Shipping Charges	7.00	
Total		327.79	

Wire, wood, and wood glue were provided by the lab.

Conclusion

FUPA was very successful. It works as expected, and I even added the *destroy mode* feature and the LED bar. The only thing that I wish I had done different was using sonar instead of tabs/IR to determine where a can is. Overall this robot was very time consuming, eating well over 300 hours of time to get everything working 100%. But, after completion, I have never had FUPA give me a false color reading or veer off of the track

Documentations

- 1) Will Dubel's line tracking paper
- 2) Bryan Arkin's 'letter' macros

Appendices

Final Code

```
*****
,* Set VTarget = 5.1V *
,* Set ARef = 4.9V *
*****

;Jeffrey S. Cohen
;v10 with obstacle knockdown
;7/30/2004
;EEL5666C

.INCLUDE "m32def.inc"

.CSEG
*****
,* Reset Vector *
*****
.ORG $000
    RJMP    Reset

*****
,* Interrupt 0 Vector *
*****
;Bump switch interrupt
.ORG $002
    RJMP    ShutDown

*****
,* Constants *
*****
;Servo Register Renames
.EQU    RSERVO_H    =OCR1BH
.EQU    RSERVO_L    =OCR1BL
.EQU    LSERVO_H    =OCR1AH
.EQU    LSERVO_L    =OCR1AL
.EQU    ARM_SERVO    =OCR0

;Registers
.DEF    Temp        =r16        ; Temporary Reg 1
.DEF    Temp2       =r17        ; Temporary Reg 2
.DEF    Temp3       =r18        ; Temporary Reg 3
.DEF    PrevIR      =r19        ; Previous IR reading
.DEF    ADCCounter  =r20        ; Counter for # of times ADC reports back a close value
.DEF    LCDReg      =r21

.DEF    Delay1      =r29        ; Delay Reg 1
.DEF    Delay2      =r30        ; Delay Reg 2
.DEF    Delay3      =r31        ; Delay Reg 3

;Ports
```

```

.EQU LCD_PORT           =PORTC
.EQU LCD_DDR            =DDRC

;Constant Values
.EQU ADC_Distance      =$B0           ; Distance where ADC reads as object too close
.EQU Space              =$20
.EQU CR                 =$0D

```

```

;*****
;* Macros *
;*****
;Prints Letters to LCD display
;macro letter
    LDI    LCDReg,@0
    OUT    LCD_PORT,LCDReg
    SBI    LCD_PORT,5
    RCALL  Latch
    RCALL  Delay5ms
    LDI    LCDReg,@1
    OUT    LCD_PORT,LCDReg
    SBI    LCD_PORT,5
    RCALL  Latch
    RCALL  Delay5ms
;endmacro

```

```

;*****
;* Main *
;*****
.ORG $60
Reset:

RGB_VALUE: .DB 0
S1:         .DB 0
S2:         .DB 0
R_VALUE:   .DB 0
G_VALUE:   .DB 0
B_VALUE:   .DB 0
Rdev:      .DB 0
Gdev:      .DB 0
Bdev:      .DB 0
S9:        .DB 0

    LDI    Temp,low(RAMEND)           ; Set low stackptr
    OUT    SPL,Temp

    LDI    Temp,high(RAMEND)         ; Set high stackptr
    OUT    SPH,Temp

    RCALL  PortInit                  ; Initializes port directions

    SBI    PortD,2                    ; Pull up bump switch pin

    RCALL  LCDInit                    ; Initializes LCD Screen
    RCALL  UART_Init                  ; Initialize UART
    RCALL  Camera_Init                ; Initialize Camera
    RCALL  BufferFlush                 ; Empty out all junk data in buffer sent from camera during
initialization

    RCALL  PWMInit_Wheels              ; Initializes PWM for Wheels
    RCALL  ADC_Init                   ; Initializes ADC for IR obstacle detection

```

```

SEI                                     ; Enable Interrupts

StartAgain:
CBI          PortB,0                    ; Turn off colored LEDs
CBI          PortB,1
CBI          PortB,4
RCALL       PWMInit_Arm                ; Initializes PWM for the arm servo

RCALL       LineTrack

```

```

*****
; * Port Init *
*****
PortInit:
CLR          Temp
OUT DDRA,Temp

; INPUT REGISTER
; Pin0 = Sharp IR obstacle avoidance
; Pin1 =
; Pin2 =
; Pin3 =
; Pin4 =
; Pin5 = IR input (Tab Detector)
; Pin6 = IR input (Left)
; Pin7 = IR input (Right)

```

```

SER          Temp
OUT DDRB,Temp

; OUTPUT REGISTER
; Pin0 = Red LED control pin
; Pin1 = Green LED control pin
; Pin2 =
; Pin3 = Servo PWM (Arm)
; Pin4 = Blue LED control pin
; Pin5 =
; Pin6 = White LED control pin
; Pin7 =

```

```

SER Temp
OUT LCD_DDR,Temp

; OUTPUT REGISTER
; Pin0 = LCD DB4
; Pin1 = LCD DB5
; Pin2 = LCD DB6
; Pin3 = LCD DB7
; Pin4 = LCD enable
; Pin5 = LCD register select

```

```

; Pin6 =
; Pin7 =

LDI Temp, 0b11111010
OUT DDRD,Temp

; Pin0 = UART input (Receive)
; Pin1 = UART output (Transmit)
; Pin2 = Bump switches (INT0)
; Pin3 =
; Pin4 = Servo PWM (Right)
; Pin5 = Servo PWM (Left)
; Pin6 =
; Pin7 =

LDI Temp, 0b00000000 ;Configure interrupt
OUT MCUCR,Temp

LDI Temp, 0b01000000 ; Enable bump switch interrupt
OUT GICR, Temp
RET

```

```

*****
;
;* LCD Initialization *
*****
;
;** PC0 = DB4 (LCD pin7)
;** PC1 = DB5 (LCD pin8)
;** PC2 = DB6 (LCD pin9)
;** PC3 = DB7 (LCD pin10)
;** PC4 = E (LCD pin6)
;** PC5 = RS (LCD pin4)
;** GND = VSS (LCD pin1)
;** GND = R/W (LCD pin5)
;** VTG = VDD (LCD pin2)
;

```

```

LCDInit:
;Power-On 15ms Delay
RCALL Delay5ms
RCALL Delay5ms
RCALL Delay5ms

;Begin 4-Bit Enable
LDI Temp, 3
OUT LCD_PORT,Temp
RCALL Latch
RCALL Delay5ms

RCALL Latch
RCALL Delay1p5ms

RCALL Latch
RCALL Delay5ms

LDI Temp, 2
OUT LCD_PORT,Temp
RCALL Latch
RCALL Delay1p5ms

```

```

;Begin 2-Line Enable
RCALL Latch
RCALL Delay1p5ms

```



```

        LDI          Temp, 8
        OUT         LCD_PORT,Temp
        RCALL      Latch
        RCALL      Delay1p5ms

;Display on, Cursor on, Blink on
        LDI          Temp, 0
        OUT         LCD_PORT,Temp
        RCALL      Latch
        RCALL      Delay1p5ms

        LDI          Temp, 15
        OUT         LCD_PORT,Temp
        RCALL      Latch
        RCALL      Delay1p5ms

;Clear screen, cursor home
        LDI          Temp, 0
        OUT         LCD_PORT,Temp
        RCALL      Latch
        RCALL      Delay1p5ms

        LDI          Temp, 1
        OUT         LCD_PORT,Temp
        RCALL      Latch
        RCALL      Delay5ms
;Initialization Complete
        RET

;*****
;* PWM Setup (Wheels) *
;*****
;1/8MHz = .125us per cycle
;using 64 prescaler, 1 increment of TCNT = 8us
;
;Set potentiometer so the wheel does not turn
; if the pulse is high for 1.5ms
;
;1.5ms = 187.50
;
;187.50/2=93.75
;=====
;T=20ms, then .5T=10ms 10ms/8us=1250 ($04E2)
;
; ^ <-- Top = 1250
; / \
; / \ <-- Bottom = 0
;
;1250-93.75=1156.25 ~1156 rise
;ICR1A <-- Top
;OCR1A <-- 1156 ($0484)
;=====
;Full Clockwise      (Right Side)          : 1172 0x491
;
;Neutral              : 1156 0x484
;
;Full C. Clockwise   (Left Side)          : 1141 0x477
;=====
PWMInit_Wheels:
        LDI Temp,0b11110000
; bits7,6 =1,1 Set up and clear down (OC1A)
;   5,4  =1,1 Set up and clear down (OC1B)
; bits3,2 =0,0 Force output compare OFF A and B
; bits1,0 =0,0 PWM phase and Freq correct

        OUT TCCR1A,Temp

        LDI Temp,0b00010011      ; bit7      =0 IC noise canceler OFF
; bit6          =0 Not used in our mode
; bit5          =0 Reserved
; bits4,3      =1,0 PWM phase and Freq correct

```

```

; bits2,1,0 =Clock Select Prescaler
;
OUT TCCR1B,Temp                                0,1,1 : (1/8Mhz)*64=8us

; Sets Top
LDI Temp,0x04
LDI Temp2,0xE2
OUT ICR1H,Temp
OUT ICR1L,Temp2

; Sets Pulse On Period
LDI Temp,0x04
LDI Temp2, 0x84
OUT RSERVO_H,Temp
OUT LSERVO_H,Temp
OUT RSERVO_L,Temp2
OUT LSERVO_L,Temp2

; Start TCNT's at $00
LDI Temp, 0
OUT TCNT1H, Temp
OUT TCNT1L, Temp

RET

*****
;* PWM Setup (Arm) *
*****
;1/8MHz = .125us per cycle
;using 256 prescaler, 1 increment of TCNT = 32us
;
;1.0ms = 31.25
;2.0ms = 62.50
;
;One period = (255+256)*32us = 16.352ms
;
;T=16.35ms, then .5T=8.175ms
=====
;8.175ms-0.5ms = 7.675ms
;
;7.675ms / 32us = 239.84 ~ 240 (1ms pulse = 240)
=====
;8.175ms-1.0ms = 7.175ms
;
;7.175ms / 32us = 224.22 ~ 224 (2ms pulse = 224)
=====
PWMInit_Arm:

; Sets OCR0
;219=swing out
;245=home position

LDI Temp,245                                ; Set arm to home position on startup
OUT ARM_SERVO,Temp

; Start TCNT's at $00
LDI Temp, 0
OUT TCNT0, Temp

LDI Temp,0b01110100

; bit7 =0 Force output compare off
; bits6,3 =1,0 CTC
; bits5,4 =1,1 Set OCO on upcount, clear on downcount
; =0,0 DISCONNECTED
; bits2,1,0 =1,0,0 Set 256 prescaler

OUT TCCR0,Temp

RET

```

```

*****
;* ADC IR Setup *
*****
ADC_Init:
    LDI Temp,0b00100000          ; bits7,6          =0,0          Use AREF as reference
                                ; bit5              =1
                                ; bits4,3,2,1,0      =0,0,0,0,0 Select ADC0
                                ; bit7              =1          Enable ADC
                                ; bit6              =1          Start conversions
                                ; bit5              =1          Auto trigger
                                ; bit4              =0          Interrupt flag (not
                                ; bit3              =0          ADC interrupt
                                ; bits2,1,0        =1,1,0 prescaler=64
                                ; bit7              =0          Must be 0
                                ; Bits6,5,4        = 0,0,0
                                ; Bits3,2,1,0      = 0,0,0,0

    OUT ADMUX,Temp

    LDI Temp,0b11100110          ; bit7
                                ; bit6              =1          Enable ADC
                                ; bit5              =1          Start conversions
                                ; bit4              =0          Interrupt flag (not
                                ; bit3              =0          ADC interrupt
                                ; bits2,1,0        =1,1,0 prescaler=64
                                ; bit7              =0          Must be 0
                                ; Bits6,5,4        = 0,0,0
                                ; Bits3,2,1,0      = 0,0,0,0

    OUT ADCSR,Temp

    LDI    TEMP,(SFIO&0b00011111) ; Set ADC to free running mode
    OUT    SFIO,Temp

    CLR    ADCCounter              ; Clear ADC counter

    RET

```

```

*****
;* UART Setup *
*****
UART_Init:
    LDI    Temp,12                ; Selects baud rate (8 LSBs) 38.4k bps
    OUT    UBRRL,Temp             ; Clock=8MHz

    LDI    Temp,0b00000000        ; Bit7 = 0          Must be 0
    when writing to UBRRH
                                ; Bits6,5,4        = 0,0,0
                                ; Bits3,2,1,0      = 0,0,0,0

    Reserved
    Selects baud rate (4 MSBs)

```

```

    OUT        UBRRH,Temp
    LDI        Temp,0b10000110        ; Bit7 = 1        Selects proper register
                                                ; Bit6 = 0        Asynchronous mode
                                                ; Bits5,4 = 0,0    Parity disabled
                                                ; Bit3 = 0        Select 1 stop-bit
                                                ; Bits2,1 = 1,1    Select 8-bit frame
                                                ; Bit0 = 0        Clock polarity....set to
0 if asynchronous
    OUT        UCSRC,Temp
    LDI        Temp,0b00011000        ; Bit7 = 0 Rx complete interrupt disable
                                                ; Bit6 = 0 Tx complete interrupt disable
                                                ; Bit5 = 0 Data register empty interrupt
disable
                                                ; Bit4 = 1 Rx enable
                                                ; Bit3 = 1 Tx enable
                                                ; Bit2 = 0 Select 8-bit frame
                                                ; Bit1 = 0 Rx 9th bit disabled
                                                ; Bit0 = 0 Tx 9th bit disabled
    OUT        UCSRB,Temp
    RET

```

```

*****
,* Camera Setup *
*****

```

```

Camera_Init:
    SBI        PortB,6                ; Turn on white LEDs for picture
    RCALL     DelayS
    LDI        Temp,'R'                ; Reset camera
    RCALL     Send
    LDI        Temp,'S'
    RCALL     Send
    LDI        Temp,CR
    RCALL     Send
    RCALL     DelayL
    LDI        Temp,'P'                ; Enable polling mode
    RCALL     Send
    LDI        Temp,'M'
    RCALL     Send
    LDI        Temp,''
    RCALL     Send
    LDI        Temp,'1'
    RCALL     Send
    LDI        Temp,CR
    RCALL     Send
    RCALL     DelayS
    LDI        Temp,'R'                ; Enable raw data output
    RCALL     Send                    ; Disable 'ACK'/'NAK' responses
    LDI        Temp,'M'
    RCALL     Send
    LDI        Temp,''
    RCALL     Send
    LDI        Temp,'3'
    RCALL     Send

```

```

        LDI          Temp,CR
        RCALL   Send

        RCALL   DelayS

        RET

;*****
;* Flush out old received characters *
;*****
BufferFlush:
        SBIS   UCSRA,RXC
        RET
        IN          Temp,UDR
        RJMP   BufferFlush

;*****
;* Get Mean RGB values *
;*****
GetMean:
        LDI          Temp,'G'          ; Get mean values
        RCALL   Send

        LDI          Temp,'M'
        RCALL   Send

        LDI          Temp,CR
        RCALL   Send

        RCALL   Receive1          ; 255 (decimal)
        RCALL   Receive2          ; 'S'
        RCALL   Receive3          ; Red
        RCALL   Receive4          ; Green
        RCALL   Receive5          ; Blue
        RCALL   Receive6          ; Rdev
        RCALL   Receive7          ; Gdev
        RCALL   Receive8          ; Bdev
        RCALL   Receive9          ; '.'

        LDS          Temp,Rdev
        LDS          Temp2,Gdev
        LDS          Temp3,Bdev

        CP          Temp,Temp2
        BRGE   NotGreen
        RJMP   NotRed

NotGreen:
        CP          Temp,Temp3
        BRGE   FoundRed
        RJMP   FoundBlue

NotRed:
        CP          Temp2,Temp3
        BRGE   FoundGreen
        RJMP   FoundBlue

FoundRed:
        SBI          PortB,0          ; Turn on Red LED
        RCALL   ClearLCD
        letter 5,2          ; load 'R'
        letter 6,5          ; load 'e'
        letter 6,4          ; load 'd'

        RCALL   SwingArm          ; Knock over can

```

```

        RJMP    MoveOffTab

FoundGreen:
        SBI          PortB,1                ; Turn on Green LED

        RCALL   ClearLCD
        letter 4,7                ; load 'G'
        letter 7,2                ; load 'r'
        letter 6,5                ; load 'e'
        letter 6,5                ; load 'e'
        letter 6,14               ; load 'n'

        RJMP    MoveOffTab

FoundBlue:
        SBI          PortB,4                ; Turn on Blue LED

        RCALL   ClearLCD
        letter 4,2                ; load 'B'
        letter 6,12               ; load 'l'
        letter 7,5                ; load 'u'
        letter 6,5                ; load 'e'

        RJMP    MoveOffTab

MoveOffTab:
        LDI      Temp, 0x04                ; Moves robot forward for 1sec to get off tab
        LDI Temp2,0x89
        LDI Temp3, 0x7F
        OUT RSERVO_H,Temp
        OUT LSERVO_H,Temp
        OUT RSERVO_L,Temp2
        OUT LSERVO_L,Temp3

        LDI Temp,0b11110000
                                ; bits7,6 =1,1 Set up and clear down (OC1A)
                                ; 5,4 =1,1 Set up and clear down (OC1B)
                                ; bits3,2 =0,0 Force output compare OFF A and B
                                ; bits1,0 =0,0 PWM phase and Freq correct

        OUT TCCR1A,Temp

        RCALL   DelayL
        JMP     StartAgain

*****
;* Knock over can *
*****
SwingArm:
        ; Sets OCR0
        ;219=swing out
        ;245=home position

        LDI Temp,219
        OUT ARM_SERVO,Temp

        RET

```

```

*****
;* Line Track With Obstacle Avoidance *
*****
;=====
; Full Clockwise (Right Side) : 1172 0x491
; Neutral : 1156 0x484
; Full C. Clockwise (Left Side) : 1141 0x477
;
; High if black or nothing
; Low if White
;=====
LineTrack:
    CLR          ADCCounter          ; Clear the ADC "object is too close" register
ADC_Obstacle_Check:
    IN           Temp,ADCH           ; Check A/D value
    CPI         Temp,ADC_Distance
    BRGE       LineTrack2
    INC        ADCCounter          ; If object is too close, increment the counter

    CPI         ADCCounter, 3
    BRNE      ADC_Obstacle_Check

    RCALL     StopForObstacle
    JMP      LineTrack

LineTrack2:
;Check Right Sensor
    RCALL     Delay5ms
    RCALL     Delay5ms
    RCALL     Delay5ms

    RCALL     CheckForTabs
    SBIC     PINA,7
    RJMP     RightSeesBlack
;Right Sensor sees White
;Check Left Sensor
    SBIC     PINA,6
    RJMP     TurnLeft
;Left sees White
    RJMP     OffTrack

RightSeesBlack:
;Check Left Sensor
    SBIC     PINA,6
    RJMP     Straight
;Left sees White
    RJMP     TurnRight

TurnLeft:
; Sets Pulse On Period
    LDI     Temp, 0x04
    LDI     Temp2,0x91
    LDI     Temp3, 0x7F

```

```

        OUT RSERVO_H,Temp
        OUT LSERVO_H,Temp
        OUT RSERVO_L,Temp2
        OUT LSERVO_L,Temp3
        CLR prevIR
        RJMP LineTrack

TurnRight:
        ; Sets Pulse On Period
        LDI     Temp, 0x04
        LDI Temp2,0x89
        LDI Temp3, 0x7D
        OUT RSERVO_H,Temp
        OUT LSERVO_H,Temp
        OUT RSERVO_L,Temp2
        OUT LSERVO_L,Temp3
        CLR prevIR
        RJMP LineTrack

Straight:
        ; Sets Pulse On Period
        LDI     Temp, 0x04
        LDI Temp2,0x89
        LDI Temp3, 0x7F
        OUT RSERVO_H,Temp
        OUT LSERVO_H,Temp
        OUT RSERVO_L,Temp2
        OUT LSERVO_L,Temp3
        CLR prevIR
        RJMP LineTrack

Offtrack:
        INC     prevIR
        CPI     prevIR,210
        BRNE   LineTrack

        RCALL  ShutDown

;*****
;* Check for Tabs *
;*****
CheckForTabs:
        SBIC   PINA,5
        RJMP   TabDetected
        RET

TabDetected:
;
; RCALL  ClearLCD
; letter 5,4 ; load 'T'
; letter 6,1 ; load 'a'
; letter 6,2 ; load 'b'

        RCALL  GetMean

FoundTab:
        RJMP FoundTab

;*****
;* Shut Down *
;*****
;Determines Which message to print on LCD screen

ShutDown:
        LDI     Temp,0b00000000 ; Disconnect PWM
        OUT    TCCR1A,Temp

        RCALL  ClearLCD

CheckIfOffTrack:
        CPI     prevIR,150
        BRNE   CheckIfBump
        RCALL  PrintOffTrack
        RJMP   RobotSleep

```



```

CheckIfBump:
    RCALL    PrintBump

```

```

RobotSleep:
    RJMP     RobotSleep

```

```

*****
,*  Waits for obstacle to move  *
*****

```

```

StopForObstacle:
    RCALL    ClearLCD
    RCALL    PrintObstacle

```

```

    RCALL    ClearTCNT
;Reverse 1.75sec
    LDI      Temp, 0x04
    LDI      Temp2,0x7F
    LDI      Temp3, 0x89
    OUT      RSERVO_H,Temp
    OUT      LSERVO_H,Temp
    OUT      RSERVO_L,Temp2
    OUT      LSERVO_L,Temp3

```

```

    RCALL    DelayL
    RCALL    DelayS
    RCALL    DelayS
    RCALL    DelayS

```

```

    RCALL    ClearTCNT
;Left 1 sec
    LDI      Temp, 0x04
    LDI      Temp2,0x91
    LDI      Temp3, 0x84
    OUT      RSERVO_H,Temp
    OUT      LSERVO_H,Temp
    OUT      RSERVO_L,Temp2
    OUT      LSERVO_L,Temp3

```

```

    RCALL    DelayL

```

```

    RCALL    ClearTCNT
;Straight 1 sec
    LDI      Temp, 0x04
    LDI      Temp2,0x89
    LDI      Temp3, 0x7F
    OUT      RSERVO_H,Temp
    OUT      LSERVO_H,Temp
    OUT      RSERVO_L,Temp2
    OUT      LSERVO_L,Temp3

```

```

    RCALL    DelayL

```

```

    LDI      Temp,0b00000000    ; Disconnect PWM
    OUT      TCCR1A,Temp

```

```

    RCALL    KnockOverObstacle

```

```

    RCALL    PWMInit_Wheels

```

```

;Reverse 1sec
    LDI      Temp, 0x04
    LDI      Temp2,0x7F

```

```

LDI Temp3, 0x89
OUT RSERVO_H,Temp
OUT LSERVO_H,Temp
OUT RSERVO_L,Temp2
OUT LSERVO_L,Temp3

RCALL DelayL

RCALL ClearTCNT

;Backwards Right 1.25sec
LDI Temp, 0x04
LDI Temp2, 0x77
LDI Temp3, 0x84
OUT RSERVO_H,Temp
OUT LSERVO_H,Temp
OUT RSERVO_L,Temp2
OUT LSERVO_L,Temp3

RCALL DelayL
; RCALL DelayS

;Return to going straight
LDI Temp, 0x04
LDI Temp2, 0x89
LDI Temp3, 0x7F
OUT RSERVO_H,Temp
OUT LSERVO_H,Temp
OUT RSERVO_L,Temp2
OUT LSERVO_L,Temp3

RCALL ClearLCD
RET

;*****
;* Swings Out Arm To Knock Over An Obstacle *
;*****
KnockOverObstacle:

LDI Temp, 0
OUT TCNT0, Temp

; Sets OCR0
;219=swing out
;245=home position

LDI Temp,219
OUT ARM_SERVO,Temp

RCALL DelayL

; Start TCNT's at $00
LDI Temp, 0
OUT TCNT0, Temp

; Sets OCR0
;219=swing out
;245=home position

LDI Temp,245
OUT ARM_SERVO,Temp

RET

;*****
;* Print Off Track *
;*****

```

```

PrintOffTrack:
    letter 4,15           ; load 'O'
    letter 6,6           ; load 'f'
    letter 6,6           ; load 'f'
    letter 10,0          ; load ''
    letter 5,4           ; load 'T'
    letter 7,2           ; load 'r'
    letter 6,1           ; load 'a'
    letter 6,3           ; load 'c'
    letter 6,11          ; load 'k'
    RET

;*****
;* Print Bump *
;*****
PrintBump:
    letter 4,2           ; load "B"
    letter 7,5           ; load "u"
    letter 6,13          ; load "m"
    letter 7,0           ; load "p"
    RET

;*****
;* Print Obstacle *
;*****
PrintObstacle:
    letter 4,15          ; Load 'O'
    letter 6,2           ; Load 's'
    letter 7,3           ; Load 't'
    letter 7,4           ; Load 'a'
    letter 6,1           ; Load 'c'
    letter 6,3           ; Load 'l'
    letter 6,12          ; Load 'e'
    letter 6,5           ; Load 'e'
    RET

;*****
;* Clear LCD *
;*****
ClearLCD:
    LDI        LCDReg,0
    OUT        LCD_PORT,LCDReg
    CBI        LCD_PORT,5
    RCALL      Latch
    RCALL      Delay5ms
    LDI        LCDReg,1
    OUT        LCD_PORT,LCDReg
    CBI        LCD_PORT,5
    RCALL      Latch
    RCALL      Delay5ms
    RET

;*****
;* Latch *
;*****
;Used to Make A Falling Edge
Latch:
    SBI        LCD_PORT,4           ; set E=1
    CBI        LCD_PORT,4           ; set E=0
    RET

;*****
;* Send *
;*****
Send:
    SBIS       UCSRA,UDRE
    RJMP       Send

```

```
OUT          UDR,Temp
RET
```

```
.*****
,* Receive1 *
.*****
```

```
Receive1:
```

```
SBIS UCSRA,RXC
RJMP Receive1
IN Temp,UDR
STS S1,Temp
RET
```

```
.*****
,* Receive2 *
.*****
```

```
Receive2:
```

```
SBIS UCSRA,RXC
RJMP Receive2
IN Temp,UDR
STS S2,Temp
RET
```

```
.*****
,* Receive3 *
.*****
```

```
Receive3:
```

```
SBIS UCSRA,RXC
RJMP Receive3
IN Temp,UDR
STS R_VALUE,Temp
RET
```

```
.*****
,* Receive4 *
.*****
```

```
Receive4:
```

```
SBIS UCSRA,RXC
RJMP Receive4
IN Temp,UDR
STS G_VALUE,Temp
RET
```

```
.*****
,* Receive5 *
.*****
```

```
Receive5:
```

```
SBIS UCSRA,RXC
RJMP Receive5
IN Temp,UDR
STS B_VALUE,Temp
RET
```

```
.*****
,* Receive6 *
```

```

;*****
;
Receive6:
    SBIS    UCSRA,RXC
    RJMP    Receive6
    IN      Temp,UDR
    STS     Rdev,Temp
    RET

```

```

;*****
;* Receive7 *
;*****
;
Receive7:

```

```

    SBIS    UCSRA,RXC
    RJMP    Receive7
    IN      Temp,UDR
    STS     Gdev,Temp
    RET

```

```

;*****
;* Receive8 *
;*****
;
Receive8:

```

```

    SBIS    UCSRA,RXC
    RJMP    Receive8
    IN      Temp,UDR
    STS     Bdev,Temp
    RET

```

```

;*****
;* Receive9 *
;*****
;
Receive9:

```

```

    SBIS    UCSRA,RXC
    RJMP    Receive9
    IN      Temp,UDR
    STS     S9,Temp
    RET

```

```

;*****
;* Clears Wheel TCNT *
;*****
;

```

```

ClearTCNT:
    LDI Temp, 0
    OUT TCNT1H, Temp
    OUT TCNT1L, Temp
    RET

```

```

*****
;* Delay 1s *
*****
DelayL:
=====
; 800000 cycles:
-----
; delaying 799992 cycles:
    LDI    Delay1, $48
WGLOOP0:
    LDI    Delay2, $BC
WGLOOP1:
    LDI    Delay3, $C4
WGLOOP2:
    DEC    Delay3
    BRNE   WGLOOP2
    DEC    Delay2
    BRNE   WGLOOP1
    DEC    Delay1
    BRNE   WGLOOP0
; -----
; delaying 6 cycles:
    LDI    Delay1, $02
WGLOOP3:
    DEC    Delay1
    BRNE   WGLOOP3
; -----
; delaying 2 cycles:
    NOP
    NOP
=====
    RET

```

```

*****
;* Delay 0.25s *
*****
DelayS:
=====
; 1000000 cycles:
-----
; delaying 999999 cycles:
    LDI    Delay1, $09
WGLOOP00:
    LDI    Delay2, $BC
WGLOOP11:
    LDI    Delay3, $C4
WGLOOP22:
    DEC    Delay3
    BRNE   WGLOOP22
    DEC    Delay2
    BRNE   WGLOOP11
    DEC    Delay1
    BRNE   WGLOOP00
; -----
; delaying 1 cycle:
    NOP
=====
    RET

```

```

*****
; * Delay 5ms *
*****
Delay5ms:
; =====
; delay loop generator
; 40000 cycles:
; -----
; delaying 39999 cycles:
                LDI Delay1,$43
LoopD:
                LDI Delay2,$C6
LoopE:
                DEC Delay2
                BRNE LoopE
                DEC Delay1
                BRNE LoopD
; -----
; delaying 1 cycle:
                NOP
; =====
                RET

*****
; * Delay 1.5ms *
*****
Delay1p5ms:
; =====
; delay loop generator
; 12000 cycles:
; -----
; delaying 11997 cycles:
                LDI Delay1, $1F
Delay1p5msLOOP0:
                LDI Delay2, $80
Delay1p5msLOOP1:
                DEC Delay2
                BRNE Delay1p5msLOOP1
                DEC Delay1
                BRNE Delay1p5msLOOP0
; -----
; delaying 3 cycles:
                LDI Delay1, $01
Delay1p5msLOOP2:
                DEC Delay1
                BRNE Delay1p5msLOOP2
; =====
                RET

```