

## EEL6825: Pattern Recognition

### Quiz I

Fall 2003

#### Problem 1. (5 points)

When rolling an unbiased die 6 times, which of the following outcomes has a higher probability? Why?

1. The outcome has three 1's and three 6's.
2. The outcome is the sequence  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ .

#### Problem 2. (25 points)

Let two random variables,  $\mathbf{x}$  and  $\mathbf{y}$ , have a joint probability distribution function (pdf)

$$p_{\mathbf{xy}}(x, y) = \frac{1}{8\pi} e^{-\frac{x^2+y^2+6x-2y+10}{8}} \quad (1)$$

Answer the following questions:

1. What type of distribution is  $p_{\mathbf{xy}}(x, y)$ ? (5 points)
2. Are  $\mathbf{x}$  and  $\mathbf{y}$  independent? (5 points)
3. Are  $\mathbf{x}$  and  $\mathbf{y}$  correlated? (5 points)
4. What are the mean and variance values of  $\mathbf{x}$ ? (10 points)

#### Problem 3. (35 points)

The two classes,  $\omega_1$  and  $\omega_2$ , of the random variable  $\mathbf{x}$  are distributed, as shown in Figure 1. The prior probabilities of the two classes  $\omega_1$  and  $\omega_2$  are equal.

1. Compute the constant  $k$ . (5 points)
2. Derive the Bayes classifier to classify data  $\mathbf{x}$  into the two classes  $\omega_1$  and  $\omega_2$ . (10 points)
3. Sketch a graph that indicates the Bayes error for the classifier from 2. Mark all the important points in the graph. (10 points)
4. Compute the Bayes error for the classifier from 2. (10 points)

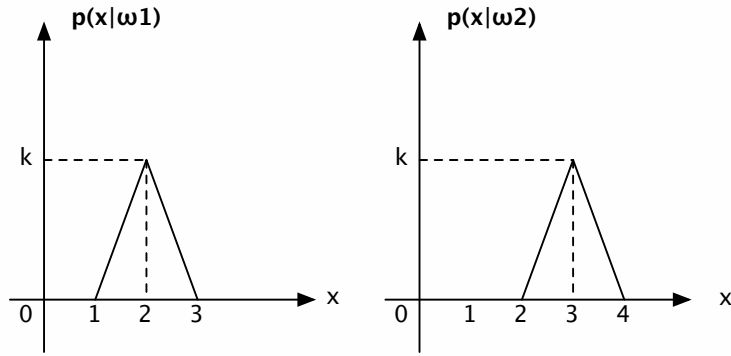


Figure 1: The two distributions for Problem 3.

**Problem 4.** (35 points)

Let a 2-D random vector  $\mathbf{U}$ , defined as  $\mathbf{U} = [\mathbf{x} \ \mathbf{y}]^T$ , have a uniform distribution:

$$p_{\mathbf{U}}(U|\theta_x, \theta_y) = \begin{cases} k & , \quad \theta_x - 0.5 \leq \mathbf{x} \leq \theta_x + 0.5, \quad \theta_y - 1.5 \leq \mathbf{y} \leq \theta_y + 1.5, \\ 0 & , \quad \textit{otherwise}, \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

where  $k$  denotes a constant, and  $\theta_x$  and  $\theta_y$  are parameters of the distribution  $p_{\mathbf{U}}(U|\theta_x, \theta_y)$ . Further, suppose that the following 5 samples of  $\mathbf{U}$ :

$$U_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.23 \\ 2.79 \end{bmatrix}, \quad U_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -0.31 \\ 1.68 \end{bmatrix}, \quad U_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.04 \\ 3.25 \end{bmatrix}, \quad U_4 = \begin{bmatrix} -0.62 \\ 0.99 \end{bmatrix}, \quad U_5 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.17 \\ 3.72 \end{bmatrix},$$

are drawn independently from the distribution  $p_{\mathbf{U}}(U|\theta_x, \theta_y)$ .

1. Find the constant  $k$  (5 points)
2. Compute the maximum likelihood estimate (ML) of the parameters  $\theta_x$  and  $\theta_y$ , using the given independent samples  $U_i, i \in [1, 5]$ . (30 points)