Revision 1 **4-bit LCD Interface Notes**

LCD Panel Pinouts and Connections to CPU

- Verify that the position of pin 1 on your LCD board. There should be a 1 next to pin 1 and a 10 next to pin 10. My LCD board is arranged as shown to the right.
- The register select signal (RS) can be viewed as an address input and can be connected directly to the CPU's address pin A_0 . This bit selects between the two addressable registers called Command (with $A_0=0$) and Data (with $A_0=1$).



The enable pin (E) is the chip select/enable for the LCD. A memory mapped decoded

E signal must be created for enabling/disabling this device. The LCD can be considered a write-only device. [If you want to read from the device, DB7 is the busy flag (BF) that when clear means the LCD is ready for the next command. If this is done the delays in the below flow chart are unnecessary.]

You can verify that your LCD works properly before connecting your LCD data pins. Give power to the device and twist the potentiometer one way or the other until you see black lines appear.



Important Notes regarding 4-bit mode:

The difference between 4-bit and 8-bit LCD operation is that data is sent out as nibbles instead of a single byte. DB7:DB4 are used to transfer nibbles to/from the LCD module (DB7 is the

MSB). Commands and data are still 8 bits long, but are transferred as two 4-bit nibbles on the LCD data bus lines DB7:DB4. The most significant nibble should be transferred first, followed by the least significant nibble. There must be a delay (approx. 1.5 ms) between each nibble transfer. The optimal contrast for the LCD (Vo) is 3.3 - 3.7V.

LCD Pin assignments										
	Adapted from the Densitron LM2022 LCD SpecSheet									
Pin #	Symbol	I/O	Function							
1	V _{SS}	-	Ground (0V)							
2	V _{DD}	-	Logic Supply Voltage (+5V)							
3	Vo	-	LC Drive voltage for contrast adjustment							
4	RS	Ι	Register Select 0: Command Register							
			1: Data Register							
5	R/W	Ι	Read/Write 0: Data Write (Module							
			1: Data Read (Module → MPU)							
6	Е	Ι	Enable Signal Active High							
7	DB4	I/O	Bi-directional data bus line 4 (LSB)							
8	DB5	I/O	Bi-directional data bus line 5							
9	DB6	I/O	Bi-directional data bus line 6							
10	DB7	I/O	Bi-directional data bus line 7 (MSB)							

LCD Board Pinout

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1 460 2	, 0		2	4-bit LCI) Interfac	e Notes		5	bu i of <i>b</i> . If f M
Initia	lization fo	or 4-bit or	peration						
The n	nodule pov	vers up in	8-bit mod	le. The in	itial start-	up instruc	tions are	sent in 8-	bit mode, with
the lo	wer four b	its (whicl	n are not	connected	l) of each	instructio	on as don'	t cares.	The first block
of the	flow chart	t is descri	bed below	. See the	LCD not	es on the	website fo	or more si	milar info.
<po< th=""><th>WER ON></th><th>></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></po<>	WER ON>	>							
<wai< th=""><th>it at least 1</th><th>15ms></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></wai<>	it at least 1	15ms>							
RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	0	0	1	1	n/c	n/c	n/c	n/c
<wa< b="">i</wa<>	it at least 4	4.1ms>							
RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	0	0	1	1	n/c	n/c	n/c	n/c
<wa< b="">i</wa<>	it at least 1	100us>							
RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	0	0	1	1	n/c	n/c	n/c	n/c
<wa< b="">i</wa<>	it 4.1ms>								
(4 1-24		.)							
(4-DI	D /W	l) 790	DD6	DD5			001		
К <u></u> 0	K/ W			1	DD4 0	DDJ	DD2	$\frac{DDI}{n/c}$	DB0
0	0	0	0	1	0	II/C	II/C	11/C	II/C
<u>Norn</u>	<u>1al Furthe</u>	r Initializ	<u>cation</u>						
<wa< b="">i</wa<>	it 40us or t	till BF=0>	>						
(Two	lines) [DE	B=\$28]							
RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4				
0	0	0	0	1	0				
0	0	1	0	0	0				
<wa< b="">i</wa<>	it 40us or 1	till BF=0>	>						
(Disp	lay on; cu	rsor on; l	olink on)	[DB=\$0F	[]				
RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4				
0	0	0	0	0	0				
0	0	1	1	1	1				
<wa< b="">i</wa<>	it 40us or 1	till BF=0>	>						
(Clea	r screen: (cursor ho	me) [DB=	=\$011					

(Cicai	serven, e	an son mo		ΨVI				
RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	1			
<wait 1.64ms="" bf="0" or="" till=""></wait>								

<INITIALIZATION COMPLETE>

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-			4	l-bit LCI) Interface Notes	
Other	useful C	ommands	5			
*(Inc	rement cu	rsor to th	e right w	hen writi	ing; don't shift s	creen) [DB=\$06]
RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	1	1	0	
<wai< td=""><td>t 40us or t</td><td>till BF=0></td><td>></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></wai<>	t 40us or t	till BF=0>	>			
(Disp	lay off; cu	rsor off;	blink off)	[DB=\$08	8]	
RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	1	0	0	0	

<Wait 40us or till BF=0>

LCD Initialization



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MORE LCD COMMANDS

Command	Code	Delay
Clear Display, Cursor to Home	\$01	1.65ms
Cursor to Home	\$02	1.65ms
Entry Mode:		
Cursor Decrement, Shift off	\$04	40µs
Cursor Decrement, Shift on	\$05	40µs
Cursor Increment, Shift off	\$06	40µs
Cursor Increment, Shift on	\$07	40µs
Display Control:		
Display, Cursor, and Cursor Blink off	\$08	40µs
Display on, Cursor and Cursor Blink off	\$0C	40µs
Display and Cursor on, Cursor Blink off	\$0E	40µs
Display, Cursor, and Cursor Blink on	\$0F	40µs
Cursor / Display Shift: (nondestructive move)		·
Cursor shift left	\$10	40µs
Cursor shift right	\$14	40µs
Display shift left	\$18	40µs
Display shift right	\$1C	40µs
Display Function (2 rows for 4-bit data; big)	\$2C	40µs
Display Function (2 rows for 4-bit data; small))	\$28	40µs
Display Function (1 row for 4-bit data; big)	\$24	40µs
Display Function (1 row for 4-bit data; small)	\$20	40µs
Display Function (2 rows for 8-bit data; big)	\$3 C	40µs
Display Function (2 rows for 8-bit data; small)	\$38	40µs
Display Function (1 row for 8-bit data; big)	\$34	40µs
Display Function (1 row for 8-bit data; small)	\$30	40µs
Move cursor to beginning of second row	\$C0	40µs
Character Generator Ram Address set	\$40-\$7F	40µs
Display Ram Address set	\$80-\$FF	40µs

Revision 1 4-bit LCD Interface Notes

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LCD Character Codes

Higher 4bit 4bit	0000	0010	0011	0100	0101	0110	0111	1010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111
××××0000													
××××0001													
××××0010													
××××0011													
××××0100													
××××0101													
××××0110													
××××0111													
××××1000													
××××1001													
××××1010													
××××1011													
××××1100													
××××1101													
××××1110													
××××1111													

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Revision 1 4-bit LCD Interface Notes

SUMMARY OF LCD COMMANDS											
Instruction					С		Description				
	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	
Clear display	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Clears display and returns cursor to the home position (address 0).
Cursor home	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	*	Returns cursor to home position (address 0). Also returns display being shifted to the original position. DDRAM contents remains unchanged.
Entry mode set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	I/D	S	Sets cursor move direction (I/D), specifies to shift the display (S). These operations are performed during data read/write.
Display On/Off control	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D	C	В	Sets On/Off of all display (D), cursor On/Off (C) and blink of cursor position character (B).
Cursor/display shift	0	0	0	0	0	1	S/C	R/L	*	*	Sets cursor-move or display-shift (S/C), shift direction (R/L). DDRAM contents remains unchanged.
Function set	0	0	0	0	1	DL	N	F	*	*	Sets interface data length (DL), number of display line (N) and character font(F).
Set CGRAM address	0	0	0	1		C	GRAM	I addre	SS		Sets the CGRAM address. CGRAM data is sent or received after this setting.
Set DDRAM address	0	0	1			DDR	AM ad	dress		Sets the DDRAM address. DDRAM data is sent or received after this setting.	
Read busy-flag and address counter	0	1	BF		DDRAM address						Reads Busy-flag (BF) indicating internal operation is being performed and reads address counter contents.
Write to CGRAM or DDRAM	1	0				write	data	Writes data to CGRAM or DDRAM.			
Read from CGRAM or DDRAM	1	1				read	data				Reads data from CGRAM or DDRAM.

Bit names										
Bit	Settings									
I/D	0 = Decrement cursor position	1 = Increment cursor position								
S	0 = No display shift	1 = Display shift								
D	0 = Display off	1 = Display on								
C	0 = Cursor off	1 = Cursor on								
В	0 = Cursor blink off	1 = Cursor blink on								
S/C	0 = Move cursor	1 = Shift display								
R/L	0 = Shift left	1 = Shift right								
DL	0 = 4-bit interface	1 = 8-bit interface								
N	0 = 1/8 or $1/11$ Duty (1 line)	1 = 1/16 Duty (2 lines)								
F	0 = 5x7 dots	$1 = 5 \times 10 \text{ dots}$								
BF	0 = Can accept instruction	1 = Internal operation in progress								