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•	Dedicated PWM Input Port	DI	DWP PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)				
•	Motors	GNDS [1 20				
•	Two Input Control Lines for Reduced Microcontroller Overhead	V _{CC}	2 19 3 18	V _{CC} STATUS2			
•	Internal Current Shutdown of 5 A 40 V Load Dump Rating	V _{CC} OUT1	4 17 5 16	V _{CC} OUT2			
•	Integrated Fault Protection and Diagnostics CMOS Compatible Schmitt Trigger Inputs	GND [PWM [7 14 8 13	GND STATUS1			
امدر	rintion	GND [GNDS [9 12 10 11] GND] GNDS			

description

The TPIC0107B is a PWM control intelligent H-bridge designed specifically for dc motor applications. The device provides forward, reverse, and brake modes of operation. A logic supply voltage of 5 V is internally derived from V_{CC}.

The TPIC0107B has an extremely low r_{DS(on)}, 280 mΩ typical, to minimize system power dissipation. The direction control (DIR) and PWM control (PWM) inputs greatly simplify the microcontroller overhead requirement. The PWM input can be driven from a dedicated PWM port while the DIR input is driven as a simple low speed toggle.

The TPIC0107B provides protection against over-voltage, over-current, over-temperature, and cross conduction faults. Fault diagnostics can be obtained by monitoring the STATUS1 and STATUS2 terminals and the two input control lines. STATUS1 is an open-drain output suitable for wired-or connection. STATUS2 is a push-pull output that provides a latched status output. Under-voltage protection ensures that the outputs, OUT1 and OUT2, will be disabled when V_{CC} is less than the under-voltage detection voltage V_(UVCC).

The TPIC0107B is designed using TI's LinBiCMOS™ process. LinBiCMOS allows the integration of low power CMOS structures, precision bipolar cells, and low impedance DMOS transistors.

The TPIC0107B is offered in a 20-pin thermally enhanced small-outline package (DWP) and is characterized for operation over the operating case temperature of -40°C to 125°C.

DIR	PWM	OUT1	OUT2	MODE					
0	0	HS	HS	Brake, both HSDs turned on hard					
0	1	HS	LS	Motor turns counter clockwise					
1	0	HS	HS	Brake, both HSDs turned on hard					
1	1	LS	HS	Motor turns clockwise					

FUNCTION TABLE



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PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.



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block diagram



Terminal Functions

TERM	TERMINAL		TERMINAL		TERMINAL		DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.	"0	DESCRIPTION				
DIR	3	Ι	Direction control input				
GND	7, 9, 12, 14	1	Power ground				
GNDS	1, 10, 11, 20	I	Substrate ground				
OUT1	5, 6	0	Half-H output. DMOS output				
OUT2	15, 16	0	Half-H output. DMOS output				
PWM	8	Ι	PWM control input				
STATUS1	13	0	Status output				
STATUS2	18	0	Latched status output				
VCC	2, 4, 17, 19	I	Supply voltage				

NOTE: It is mandatory that all four ground terminals plus at least one substrate terminal are connected to the system ground. Use all V_{CC} and OUT terminals.



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schematics of inputs and outputs



absolute maximum ratings over operating case temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Power supply voltage range, V _{CC}	\ldots –0.3 V to 33 V
Logic input voltage range, V _{IN}	\ldots –0.3 V to 7 V
Load dump (for 400 ms, $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$)	40 V
Status output voltage range, V _{O(status)}	\ldots –0.3 V to 7 V
Continuous power dissipation, $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$	1.29 W
Storage temperature range, T _{stg}	–55°C to 150°C
Maximum junction temperature, T _J	150°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

$T_A \le 25^{\circ}C$	DERATING FACTOR	T _A = 70°C	T _A = 125°C
POWER RATING	ABOVE T _A = 25°C	POWER RATING	POWER RATING
1.29 W	0.0104 W/°C	0.82 W	0.25 W

recommended operating conditions

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V _{CC}	6	18	V
Operating case temperature, T _C	-40	125	°C
Switching frequency, fPWM		2	kHz



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electrical characteristics over recommended operating case temperature range and $V_{CC} = 5 V$ to 6 V (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
			TJ = 25°C			550	m 0	
	Static drain-source on-resistance (per transistor)	LSD	TJ = 150°C			850	- ms2	
DS(on)	I _(BR) = 1 A	цер	Tj = 25°C			600	~ 0	
		130	TJ = 150°C			870	11122	
I(QCD)	Open circuit detection current			10	40	100	mA	
V(UVCC(OFF))	Under voltage detection on V_{CC} , switch off voltage		See Note 1			5	V	
V(UVCC(ON))	Under voltage detection on V_{CC} , switch on voltage		See Note 1			5.2	V	
V _(STL)	STATUS low output voltage		I_{O} = 100 μ A, See Note 1			0.8	V	
V _(ST2H)	STATUS2 high output voltage		I_{O} = 20 μ A, See Note 1	3		5.4	V	
I(ST(OFF))	STATUS output leakage current		V _(ST) = 5 V, See Note 1			5	μA	
VIL	Low level logic input voltage			-0.3		0.5	V	
VIH	High level logic input voltage			3.6		7	V	
ΔVI	Hysteresis of input voltage			0.3			V	
Чн	High level logic input current		V _{IH} = 3.5 V	2	10	50	μA	

NOTE 1: The device functions according to the function table for V_{CC} between V_(UVCC) and 5 V (no parameters specified). STATUS outputs are not defined for V_{CC} less than V_(UVCC).



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electrical characteristics over recommended operating case temperature and supply voltage ranges (unless otherwise noted) (see Note 2)

	PARAMETER		TEST	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
			T - 25°C	V_{CC} = 6 V to 9 V			380	
^r DS(on)			1 J = 25 C	V _{CC} = 9 V to 18 V		280	340	m 0
		LSD	T 150°C	V CC = 6 \land to 9 \land			620	11122
	Static drain-source on-resistance		1J = 150 C	V _{CC} = 9 V to 18 V		400	560	
	(per transistor) I _{BR} = 1 A		$T_{1} = 25^{\circ}C$	$V_{CC} = 6 V \text{ to } 9 V$			430	
		цер	1 J = 25 C	$V_{CC} = 9 V$ to 18 V		280	340	m 0
		130	T 150°C	$V_{CC} = 6 V \text{ to } 9 V$			640	11152
			1 J = 150°C	V _{CC} = 9 V to 18 V		400	560	
I(QCD)	Open circuit detection current				10	40	100	mA
TSDS	Static thermal shutdown temperatur	е	See Notes 3 and 4		140			°C
T _{SDD}	Dynamic thermal shutdown tempera	ature	See Notes 3 and 5		160			°C
	Current ekutdeure lineit		$V_{CC} = 6 V \text{ to } 9 V$		4.8		7.5	٨
ICS	Current shutdown limit		$V_{CC} = 9 V$ to 18 V		5		7.5	A
I(CON)	Continuous bridge current		T _J = 125°C, Operating lifetime 10,000 hours, (see Figure 1)				3	А
V _(OVCC)	Over voltage detection on V_{CC}				27		36	V
V(STL)	STATUS low output voltage		I _O = 100 μA				0.8	V
V(ST2H)	STATUS2 high output voltage		I _O = 20 μA		3.9		5.4	V
I(ST(OFF))	STATUS output leakage current		V _(ST) = 5 V				5	μΑ
VIL	Low level logic input voltage		, <i>í</i>		-0.3		0.8	V
VIH	High level logic input voltage				3.6		7	V
ΔVI	Hysteresis of input voltage				0.3			V
Ίн	High level logic input current		V _{IH} = 3.5 V		2	10	50	μA

NOTES: 2. The device functions according to the function table for V_{CC} between 18 V and V_(OVCC), but only up to a maximum supply voltage of 33 V (no parameters specified). Exposure beyond 18 V for extended periods may affect device reliability.

3. Exposure beyond absolute-maximum-rated condition of junction temperature may affect device reliability.

4. No temperature gradient between DMOS transistor and temperature sensor.

5. With temperature gradient between DMOS transistor and temperature sensor in a typical application (DMOS transistor as heat source).

switching characteristics over recommended operating case temperature and supply voltage ranges (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
+	High-side driver turn-on time				100	
out(on)	Low-side driver turn-on time	VDS(on) < V at TA, VCC = 13.2 V	100 ad 1 6	μs		
SD.	Slew rate, low-to-high sinusoidal ($\delta V / \delta t$)	$\lambda = -12.2 \lambda$	1		6	\//uo
SK	Slew rate, high-to-low sinusoidal ($\delta V/\delta t$)	$V_{CC} = 13.2$ V, $I_{O} = 1$ A resistive load	1		6	v/µs
^t d(QCD)	Under current spike duration to trigger open circuit detection	$V_{CC} = 5 V \text{ to } 18 V$	1		10	ms
^t d(CS)	Delay time for over current shutdown		5	10	25	μs

thermal resistance

	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance		97	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-case thermal resistance		5	°C/W



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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

Maximum continuous bridge current versus time based on 50 FITs at 100,000 hours operating life (90% confidence model)



Figure 1. Electromigration Reliability Data

Example:

Average continuous bridge current, ICON	Average junction temperature, T_J	Operating lifetime of device based on electromigration
2 A	125°C	>20,000 h
3 A	125°C	>10,000 h



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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

operating wave forms (continued)



Figure 5. No Fault



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PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

protective functions and diagnostics[†]

over current/short circuit‡

The TPIC0107B detects shorts to V_{CC} , ground, or across the load being driven, by comparing the V_{DS} voltage drop across the DMOS outputs against the threshold voltage. The DMOS outputs of the TPIC0107B will be disabled and the fault flags will be generated 10 μ s after an over-current or short-circuit fault is detected. This 10 μ s delay is long enough to serve as a de-glitch filter for high current transients, yet short enough to prevent damage to the DMOS outputs. The DMOS outputs remain latched off until either DIR or PWM input is toggled.

In cases where the outputs have a continuous short-to-ground with a current rise time faster than 0.5 A/ μ s, the over-current shutdown threshold will decrease to 3 A to reduce power dissipation. This reduction to 3 A is achieved since the DMOS outputs will not be fully enhanced when the over-current threshold is reached if the current rise time exceeds 0.5 A/ μ s. Over-current and/or short-circuit protection is provided up to V_{CC} = 16.5 V and a junction temperature of 90°C.

over temperature

The TPIC0107B disables all DMOS outputs and the fault flags will be set when $T_J \ge 140^{\circ}C$ (min.). The DMOS outputs remain latched off until either DIR or PWM input is toggled.

under voltage

The TPIC0107B disables all DMOS outputs when $V_{CC} \leq V_{(UVCC)}$. The outputs will be re-enabled when $V_{CC} \geq V_{(UVCC)}$. No fault flags are set when under-voltage lockout occurs.

over voltage

In order to protect the DMOS outputs from damage caused by excessive supply voltage, the TPIC0107B disables all outputs when $V_{CC} \ge V_{(OVCC)}$. Once $V_{CC} \le V_{(OVCC)}$, either DIR or PWM input must be toggled to re-enable the DMOS outputs.

cross conduction

Monitoring circuitry for each transistor detects whether the particular transistor is active to prevent the HSD or LSD of the corresponding half H-bridge from conducting.

open circuit

During operation, the bridge current is controlled continuously. If the bridge current is >10 mA (min.) for a period >1 ms (min.), the fault flags are set. However, the output transistors will not be disabled.

[‡] If a short circuit occurs (i.e., the over-current detection circuitry is activated) at a supply voltage higher than 16.5 V and a junction temperature higher than 90°C, damage to the device may occur.



[†] All limits mentioned are typical values unless otherwise noted.

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PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

FLAG	DIR	PWM	OUT1	OUT2	STATUS1 [†]	STATUS2
	0	0	HS	HS	1	1
Normal operation	0	1	HS	LS	1	1
	1	0	HS	HS	1	1
FLAG Normal operation Open circuit between OUT1 and OUT2 Short circuit from OUT1 to OUT2 (see Notes 7 and 8) Short circuit from OUT1 to GND (see Notes 7 and 8) Short circuit from OUT1 to GND (see Notes 7 and 8) Short circuit from OUT2 to GND (see Notes 7 and 8) Short circuit from OUT1 to V _{CC} (see Notes 7 and 8) Short circuit from OUT1 to V _{CC} (see Notes 7 and 8) Short circuit from OUT1 to V _{CC} (see Notes 7 and 8)	1	1	LS	HS	1	1
	0	0	HS	HS	1	1
Open circuit between OLIT1 and OLIT2	0	1	HS	LS	0	0
	1	0	HS	HS	1	1
	1	1	LS	HS	0	0
Short airsuit from OUT1 to OUT2 (and Notes 7 and 9)	0	1	Х	Х	0	0
Short circuit from OUT1 to OUT2 (see Notes 7 and 8)	1	1	Х	Х	0	0
	0	0	Х	Х	0	0
Short circuit from OUT1 to GND (see Notes 7 and 8)	1 to OUT2 (see Notes 7 and 8) 0 1 X X 0 <th0< td=""><td>0</td></th0<>	0				
	0	1	Х	Х	0	0
	0	0	Х	Х	0	0
Short circuit from OUT2 to GND (see Notes 7 and 8)	1	0	Х	Х	0	0
	1	1	Х	Х	0	0
Short circuit from OUT1 to V_{CC} (see Notes 7 and 8)	1	1	Х	Х	0	0
Short circuit from OUT2 to V_{CC} (see Notes 7 and 8)	0	1	Х	Х	0	0
	0	0	Z	Z	0	0
Over temperature	0	1	Z	Z	0	0
	1	0	Z	Z	0	0
	1	1	Z	Z	0	0

DIAGNOSTICS TABLE (see Note 6)

[†]When wired with a pull-up resistor

SYMBOL VALUE

0 Logic low

1 Logic high

HS High-side MOSFET conducting

LS Low-side MOSFET conducting

Z No output transistors conducting

X Voltage level undefined

NOTES: 6. All input combinations not stated result in STATUS output = 1.

7. STATUS1 active for a minimum of 3 μ s.

8. STATUS2 active until an input is toggled.



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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



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APPLICATION INFORMATION

[†] Necessary for isolating supply voltage or interruption (e.g., 47 μ F).

NOTE: If a STATUS output is not connected to the appropriate microcontroller input, it shall remain unconnected.



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MECHANICAL DATA

PowerPAD™ PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

DWP (R-PDSO-G**) 20 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).

D. The package thermal performance may be enhanced by bonding the thermal pad to an external thermal plane. This pad is electrically and thermally connected to the backside of the die and possibly selected leads.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
TPIC0107BDWP	ACTIVE	SO Power PAD	DWP	20	25	TBD	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPIC0107BDWPR	ACTIVE	SO Power PAD	DWP	20	2000	TBD	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS) or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details. TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

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⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).

This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 for information regarding recommended board layout. This document is available at www.ti.com http://www.ti.com. See the product data sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad dimensions.

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Mailing Address:

Texas Instruments

Post Office Box 655303 Dallas, Texas 75265

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