

*. TherNote: Late HW is **not** accepted!*

1. Do the following non-textbook problems:

- Obtain the 1's and 2's complements of the following unsigned binary numbers: 10001000, 10011001, 10101100, 00000000, and 10000000.
- Perform the indicated subtraction with the following **unsigned** binary numbers by taking the 2's complement of the subtrahend:
  - $11011 - 10000$
  - $10110 - 1011$
  - $100 - 101000$
  - $1011100 - 1011100$

Note: You must choose a size for your 2's complement numbers.

- The following binary numbers are **6-bit 2's complement** numbers. Perform the indicated arithmetic operations and verify the answers.
  - $101111 + 111011$
  - $001011 + 100010$
  - $110001 - 001110$
  - $101010 - 110111$
- Construct a 4-to-16 decoder with an enable input using five 2-to-4 decoders with enable inputs.
- A combinational circuit is defined by the following three Boolean functions:

$$F_1(X,Y,Z) = \overline{(X+Y)} + X Y \overline{Z}$$

$$F_2(X,Y,Z) = \overline{(X+Y)} + \overline{X} Y Z$$

$$F_3(X,Y,Z) = \overline{(X+Y)} + X Y Z$$

Design the circuit with a decoder and external OR gates.

- Construct a 9-input multiplexer using a single 8-input multiplexers and one single 2-input multiplexer. The multiplexers should be interconnected and inputs labeled so that the selection codes 0000 through 1000 can be directly applied to the multiplexer selection inputs without added logic.
  - Implement a binary full adder with a dual 4-input multiplexer and a single inverter
2. Find a) SOP (using minterms), b) POS (using maxterms), c) MSOP, and d) MPOS for the following function. Use K-maps for c) and d). Note: The SOP using minterms is called a Canonical SOP; the POS using maxterms is a Canonical POS.
- $$F = A C + B D' + A' C' D + A B' C D + A' B' C D'$$

3. Do the following Roth textbook problems:

- K-map problems:
  - 5<sup>th</sup> edition: 5.4, 5.9, 5.25 (this last problem should say ABCD = 1001 for the middle "never occurs")
  - 6<sup>th</sup> edition: 5.4, 5.9, 5.30 (this last problem should say ABCD = 1001 for the middle "never occurs")
  - 7<sup>th</sup> edition: 5.4, 5.9, 5.30 (this last problem should say ABCD = 1001 for the middle "never occurs")
- Use K-maps to find the MSOP and MPOS of the following problems:
  - 5<sup>th</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup>: 4.6a, 4.6b (MSOP and MPOS)
- Use K-maps to find the MSOP or MPOS of the following problems:
  - 5<sup>th</sup> edition: 4.25a, c (MSOP and MPOS)
  - 6<sup>th</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup> edition: 4.32a, c (MSOP and MPOS)
- MSI
  - 5<sup>th</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup>: 9.1 a-c, 9.5 (call the outputs  $X_1$ ,  $X_0$ , and  $W$ , where indicates that at least one-input is true)

Do the below problems before exam 1, but they are **NOT** required for this homework.

4. Do the following Lam textbook problems:

- 4.6, 4.9, 4.13
- [4.15 in Lam is reworded here]: Design a 16-input MUX using 74'253 MUXs (as many as you need) and **no** decoders. 74'253 MUXs have tri-state enables, i.e., when the enable is false, the outputs are high-impedance.
- 4.16: Note that Figure 4.18 is available on the homework page of our website.